



AutoDome Pipe Mount

VG4-A-9543



BOSCH

en Installation Guide

Table of Contents

1	Important safety instructions	5
2	Installing the Pipe Mount	7
2.1	Unpacking	7
2.1.1	Parts List	7
2.1.2	Optional Mounting Accessories	7
2.1.3	Optional Power Supplies	8
2.1.4	Description	8
2.1.5	Tools Required	8
2.2	Pre-installation Check List	9
2.3	Pressurized Environmental Mounting Option	11
2.4	Mount Power Supply Box	12
2.4.1	Attach Cover Door	14
2.5	Route Wires and Attach Connectors	15
2.5.1	Methods for Routing Wires	16
2.5.2	Wiring the Power Supply Box	18
2.5.3	Power Supply Box Connections	19
2.6	Installing the VG4-A-9543 Pipe Mount	21
2.7	Wire the Pipe Interface Board	23
2.7.1	Wiring for Multiple AutoDomes	25
2.7.2	Connecting Wires to the Pipe Interface Board	25
2.8	Attach Pendant to Pipe and Tighten	29
3	Cable and Wire Standards	31
3.1	Power	31
3.2	Wire Distance Guide	31
3.3	Video and Control Cables	32
3.3.1	Using Coaxial Cable to Transmit Video and Control	32
3.3.2	Using UTP to Transmit Video and Control	33
3.3.3	Using Ethernet to Transmit Video and Control	34
3.3.4	Using Multi-mode Fiber Optic to Transmit Video and Control	34
3.3.5	Using a Fiber Optic Ethernet Media Converter to Transmit Video and Control	35
3.4	Control-only Cables	35
3.4.1	Controlling the AutoDome via Biphase	35

3.4.2	Controlling the AutoDome via the RS232 Protocol	37
3.4.3	Controlling the AutoDome via the RS485 Protocol	39
3.5	Fiber Optic Module with an RS232/RS422 Controller	41
3.5.1	Connecting to an LTC 4629 Head End Data/Video Transceiver	41
3.5.2	Configuring the VG5 AutoDome	41
3.6	Audio Cables	43
4	Alarms and Relay Connections	45
4.1	Alarm Inputs	45
4.2	Configuring Supervised Alarms (inputs 1 and 2)	45
4.2.1	Configuring a Normally Open Supervised Alarm	46
4.2.2	Configuring a Normally Closed Supervised Alarm	46
4.3	Configuring Non-supervised Alarms (inputs 1 through 7)	47
4.3.1	Configuring a Normally Open Non-supervised Alarm	47
4.3.2	Configuring a Normally Closed Non-supervised Alarm	48
4.4	Alarm Outputs	48
4.4.1	Configuring a Dry Contact Relay	48
4.4.2	Configuring an Open Collector Output	49

1 Important safety instructions

Type numbers:

DANGER!



High risk: This symbol indicates an imminently hazardous situation such as “Dangerous Voltage” inside the product. If not avoided, this will result in an electrical shock, serious bodily injury, or death.

WARNING!



Medium risk: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation. If not avoided, this could result in minor or moderate bodily injury.

CAUTION!



Low risk: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation. If not avoided, this could result in property damage or risk of damage to the unit.

Read, follow, and retain all of the following safety instructions. Heed all warnings on the unit and in the operating instructions before operation.

1. Clean only with a dry cloth. Do not use liquid cleaners or aerosol cleaners.
2. Do not install unit near any heat sources such as radiators, heaters, stoves, or other equipment (including amplifiers) that produce heat.
3. Do not block any ventilation openings.
4. Do not use the unit near water or expose to rain or moisture. Never spill liquid of any kind on the unit.
5. Unplug the unit during lightning storms or when unused for long periods. Take precautions to protect the unit from power and lightning surges.
6. Adjust only those controls specified in the operating instructions.

7. Do not overload outlets and extension cords, as this can cause fire or electrical shock.
8. Protect the plug and power cord from foot traffic or pinching, at electrical outlets, and at its exit from the unit.
9. Operate the unit only from the type of power source indicated on the label.
10. Unless qualified, do not attempt to service a damaged unit yourself. Refer all servicing to qualified service personnel.
11. Use only replacement parts specified by the manufacturer.
12. Install in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions in accordance with applicable local codes.
13. Use only attachments/accessories specified by the manufacturer. Equipment change or modification could void the user's guarantee or authorization agreement.

You can view and print the full version of this Installation Manual with Adobe Acrobat Reader, both provided on the enclosed CD-ROM. This user guide is the intellectual property of Bosch Security Systems; protected by copyright. Contact: www.boschsecurity.com

2 Installing the Pipe Mount

2.1 Unpacking

This equipment should be unpacked and handled with care. If an item appears to have been damaged in shipment, notify the shipper immediately.

Verify that all the parts listed in the product's Parts List below are included. If any items are missing, notify your Bosch Security Systems Sales or Customer Service Representative. The original packing carton is the safest container in which to transport the unit and must be used if returning the unit for service. Save it for possible future use.

2.1.1 Parts List

The following table lists the parts included with this mounting package.

	Part Numbers
Pipe Mount	VG4-A-9543

2.1.2 Optional Mounting Accessories

The following table lists the optional parts you may need for attaching a pendant to a pipe mount.

Mounting Options	Part Numbers
Pipe Mount for Pressurized Environmental Housing	VG4-A-9543N
Roof Parapet Mount	VGA-ROOF-MOUNT
Flat Roof Mount Adapter	LTC 9230/01

2.1.3 Optional Power Supplies

The pipe mount does not come with an attached power supply. The following table lists the optional power supplies that are compatible with VG5 Series AutoDomes:

Mounting Options	Part Numbers
24 VAC (no transformer), NEMA-rated with cover	VG4-A-PSU0
120 VAC transformer, NEMA-rated with cover	VG4-A-PSU1
230 VAC transformer, NEMA-rated with cover	VG4-A-PSU2

2.1.4 Description

This chapter details how to install an AutoDome pipe mount. Any variations to the installation procedures are noted.

Note: You may need to purchase additional mounting accessories for roof mount applications. Refer to *Section 2.1.2 Optional Mounting Accessories, page 7*.

2.1.5 Tools Required

- 5 mm Allen wrench (supplied)
- Small straight blade screwdrivers ~ 2.5 mm (0.1 in.) – 3.1 mm (1/8 in.)
- Medium straight blade screwdriver
- No. 1 and No. 2 Phillips screwdrivers
- Socket wrench and 9/16 in. socket
- Pipe Wrench

2.2 Pre-installation Check List

1. Determine the location and distance for the power supply box based on its voltage and current consumption. Refer to *Section 3 Cable and Wire Standards, page 31* for wiring information and distances.
2. Use only UL listed liquid tight strain reliefs for conduits to the Power Supply Box to ensure that water cannot enter the box. You must use water tight conduits and fittings to meet NEMA 4 standards.



NOTICE!

Power and I/O cabling must be routed separately inside different permanently earthed metal conduits.

3. Install all rough wiring including: power, control, video coax, alarms I/O, relay I/O, and fiber optic cabling. Refer to *Section 3 Cable and Wire Standards, page 31* for video and control protocol methods.
4. **Analog AutoDome:** If you plan to use the RS232 or RS485 protocol to control the AutoDome, refer to *Section 3.4.2 Controlling the AutoDome via the RS232 Protocol, page 37*, or *Section 3.4.3 Controlling the AutoDome via the RS485 Protocol, page 39*, for instructions on configuring the AutoDome to accept these protocols.

WARNING!



External interconnecting cables are to be installed in accordance to NEC, ANSI/NFPA70 (for US application) and Canadian Electrical Code, Part I, CSA C22.1 (for CAN application) and in accordance to local country codes for all other countries.

Branch circuit protection incorporating a 20 A, 2-pole Listed Circuit Breaker or Branch Rated Fuses are required as part of the building installation. A readily accessible 2-pole disconnect device with a contact separation of at least 3 mm must be incorporated.

5. Choose the appropriate VG5 AutoDome model (indoor or outdoor) for the environment in which it will be used.
6. Purchase the appropriate mounting hardware to use, depending on the location of the AutoDome and the application.

**CAUTION!**

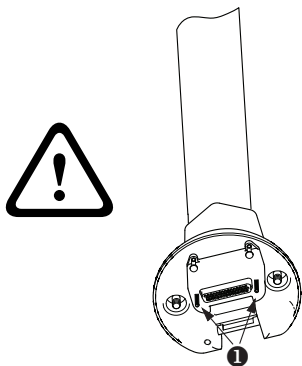
Select a rigid mounting location to prevent excessive vibration to the AutoDome camera.

2.3 Pressurized Environmental Mounting Option

The AutoDome Pressurized Environmental Housing must be mounted to the appropriate pipe mount. The mounts for the Pressurized Environmental Housing have been modified to remove the guide pins that serve as installation aids. You must mount the Pressurized Environmental Housing to the VG4-A-9543N Pipe Mount.

CAUTION!

DO NOT mount a Pressurized Environmental Housing to the VG4-A-9543 mounting option. This pipe mount contains guide pins that are not compatible with the Pressurized Environmental Housing. Refer to item 1 on the image below:



If your pipe mount contains these pins, **DO NOT** attempt to mount a Pressurized Environmental Housing to this mount. You must order the VG4-A-9543N pipe mount option for the Pressurized Environmental Housing.

2.4 Mount Power Supply Box

NOTICE!



AutoDome power supply boxes are sold separately. Skip the following section if your application does not utilize one of these power supplies: VG4-A-PSU0, VG4-A-PSU1, or VG4-A-PSU2.

Before mounting the Power Supply Box decide if you will be wiring the box through the holes in the bottom or back of the box. If wiring the box through the back, move the two (2) seal plugs to the bottom holes before mounting.

Refer to *Section 2.1.3 Optional Power Supplies, page 8*, for a list of compatible power supply boxes.

NOTICE!



Use 3/4-inch NPS (20-mm) fittings for the holes on the bottom and back of the box. Use 1/2-inch NPS (15-mm) fittings for the side holes.

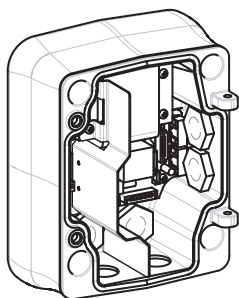


Figure 2.1 Wall Mount Power Supply with Optional Trim Skirt

1. Use the wall mount template supplied in the packaging box to locate the four (4) mounting holes for the Power Supply Box.
2. Drill four (4) holes for the mounting anchors. If installing outdoors, apply a weatherproof sealant around each hole at the mounting surface.
3. Place the Power Supply Box into the optional Trim Skirt.
4. Secure the Power Supply Box to the wall using four (4) corrosion-resistant stainless steel studs (not included).

**NOTICE!**

A stud diameter of 6.4 mm (1/4 in.) or 8 mm (5/16 in.), able to withstand a 120 kg (265 lb) pull-out force is recommended.

5. Attach the 3/4 in. (20 mm) watertight pipe fittings (not supplied) to the holes of the Power Supply Box through which you will run the power, video, and control data wires.

2.4.1 Attach Cover Door

1. Compress the bottom hinge pin by pushing the pin lever down and then rotate it behind the Hinge Pin Stop. The power box Cover Door provides a Hinge Pin Stop to hold the bottom hinge open while attaching the door.

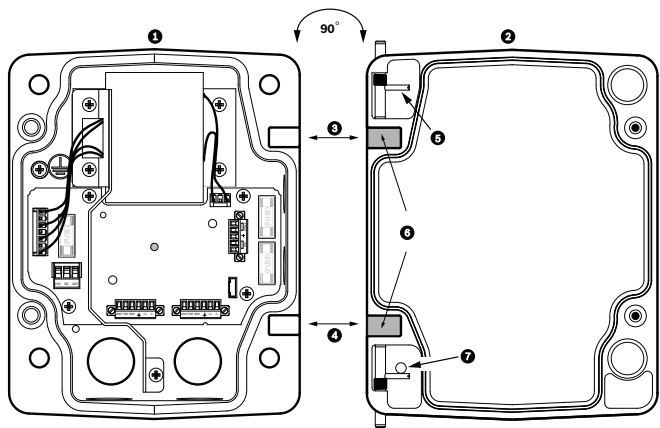


Figure 2.2 Align Cover Door Hinge to Power Box

1	Power Supply Box	5	Hold Hinge Pin Open
2	Cover Door	6	Open Position
3	Align Top Hinge	7	Hinge Pin Stop
4	Align Bottom Hinge		

2. Open the top hinge by pushing its pin lever outward and holding it open.
Note: Both Hinge Pins must be fully compressed to open (unlock) the female hinges of the Cover Door before proceeding to the next step.
3. While holding the top hinge pin open, position the Cover Door to the Power Supply Box and align its hinges.
4. When the hinges are aligned, release the top hinge pin to engage its mating hinge on the power box. Then release the bottom hinge pin from the Hinge Pin Stop to complete attaching the Cover Door to the Power Supply Box.

NOTICE!



After all wiring is complete, close the cover door and tighten the two (2) captive screws on the cover door to 10-12 N-m (90-105 in.-lbs) to ensure the Power Supply Box is watertight.

2.5 Route Wires and Attach Connectors

**NOTICE!**

AutoDome power supply boxes are sold separately. Skip the following section if your application does not utilize one of these power supplies: VG4-A-PSU0, VG4-A-PSU1, or VG4-A-PSU2.

Power wires must be routed to the left (front) side of the Power Supply Box through a separate conduit. All video, control, and alarm wires must be routed through a second conduit to the right side of the box. Refer to *Section 3 Cable and Wire Standards, page 31* for methods of transmitting video and data, and for wire specifications.

**WARNING!**

External interconnecting cables are to be installed in accordance to NEC, ANSI/NFPA70 (for US application) and Canadian Electrical Code, Part I, CSA C22.1 (for CAN application) and in accordance to local country codes for all other countries.

Branch circuit protection incorporating a 20 A, 2-pole Listed Circuit Breaker or Branch Rated Fuses are required as part of the building installation. A readily accessible 2-pole disconnect device with a contact separation of at least 3 mm must be incorporated.

2.5.1 Methods for Routing Wires

There are two possible methods to route the video, control, and alarm wires:

- One is to route the video, control, and alarm wires through the conduit fitting on the right (front) side of the Power Supply Box and out to the AutoDome Interface Board.

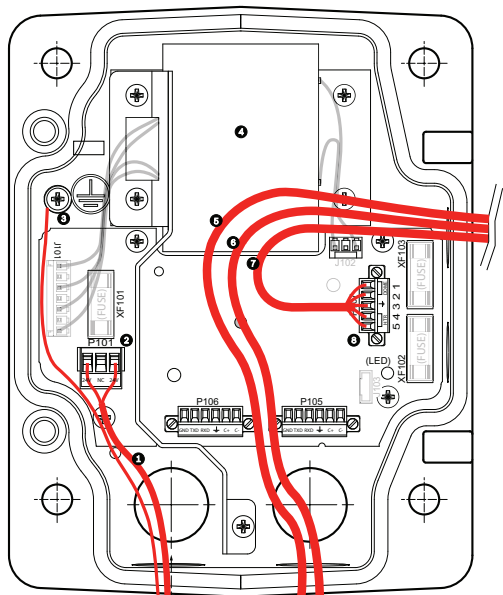


Figure 2.3 VG4-A-PSU1 or VG4-A-PSU2 Power Supply Box

1	120 VAC/230 VAC Power In	5	Coax, UTP Video, or Ethernet Wire (Ethernet for VG5 700 Series only)
2	P101 Connector	6	Control Wire
3	Ground Connection	7	24 VAC Power Out
4	Transformer	8	P107 Connector

- The second method is to bypass the Power Supply Box and route the video, control, and alarm wires directly to the Interface Board. You connect only the power wires inside the Power Supply Box.

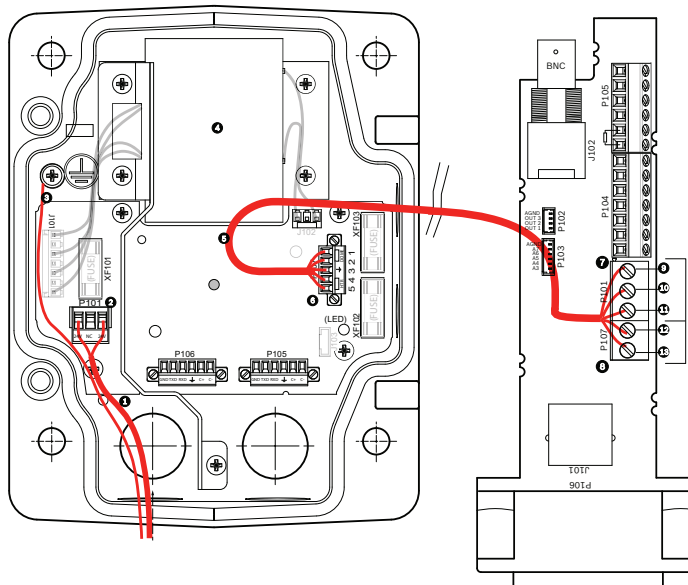


Figure 2.4 VG4-A-PSU1 or VG4-A-PSU2 Power Supply Box Connected to Pipe Interface Board

	VG4-A-PSU1/VG4-A-PSU2		Pipe Interface Board
1	120 VAC/230 VAC Power In	7	P101 Connector
2	P101 Connector	8	P107 Connector
3	Ground Connection	9	24 VAC Power In (to AutoDome)
4	Transformer	10	Earth Ground
5	24 VAC Power Out	11	24 VAC Power In (to AutoDome)
6	P107 Connector	12	24 VAC Power In (to Heater)
		13	24 VAC Power In (to Heater)
		14	AutoDome Power
		15	Heater Power

NOTICE!



Fiber Optic Models require that the Biphase control wires be routed from the Power Supply Box P106 connector out to the Pipe Interface Board P105 connector.

2.5.2 Wiring the Power Supply Box

1. Route the high voltage 115/230 VAC lines through the conduit fitting on the left side of the box.



NOTICE!

The Power Supply Box with transformer comes with a barrier that separates the high voltage side on the left from the low voltage 24 VAC side on the right.

2. Cut and trim the high voltage 115/230 VAC power and ground wires with sufficient slack to reach their connector terminal in the box, but not so long as to be pinched by or to obstruct closing the Cover Door.
3. Attach the supplied 3-pin Power Plug to the incoming high voltage power wires in the box. Refer to connector P101 in *Table 2.1, Page 20*.
4. **Analog AutoDome:** If you are using UTP for video, route the UTP cable out to where the AutoDome will be mounted. Refer to *Section 3 Cable and Wire Standards, page 31* for fiber optic specifications.
5. **IP AutoDome:** Route the Ethernet cable out to where the AutoDome will be mounted. Refer to *Section 3 Cable and Wire Standards, page 31* for specifications.
6. Route the low power 24 VAC wires from the right side of the Power Supply Box out to where the AutoDome will be mounted. Attach the supplied 5-pin 24 VAC Dome plug to the wire ends inside the box. Refer to connector P107 in *Table 2.1, Page 20*.

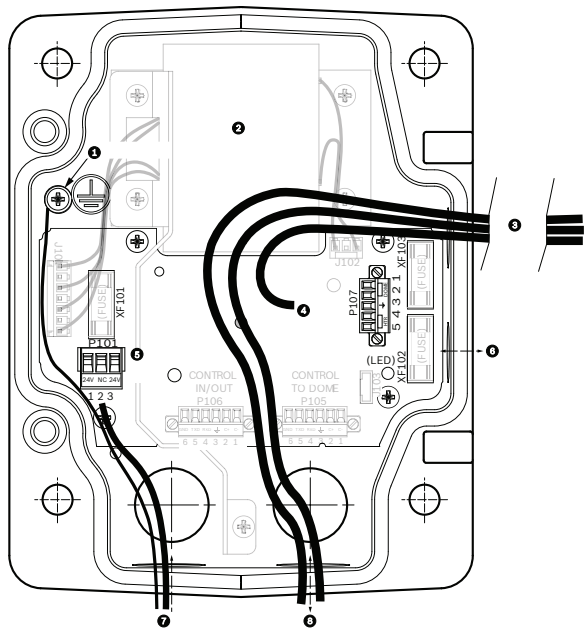


NOTICE!

All video, control, and alarm wires either pass through the Power Supply Box or by-pass it and connect directly to the Pipe Interface Board.

2.5.3 Power Supply Box Connections

The following figure is a detailed illustration of the Roof or Pipe Mount Power Supply Box, which includes the fuse specifications.



1	Ground Screw	5	Power In
2	Transformer (115/230 VAC Modes)	6	In/Out; 1/2 in. (15 mm) NPS Fitting
3	In/Out to Dome	7	Power In; 3/4 in. (20 mm) NPS Fitting
4	24 VAC to Dome Interface Board	8	Control Data and Video In/Out; 3/4 in. (20 mm) NPS Fitting



WARNING!

Fuse replacement by qualified service personnel only. Replace with same type fuse.

Fuse Specifications			
Volts	XF101 Mains	XF102 Camera	XF103 Heater
24 V	T 5.0 A	T 2.0 A	T 3.15 A
115 V	T 1.6 A	T 2.0 A	T 3.15 A
230 V	T 0.8A	T 2.0 A	T 3.15 A

The following table lists the Power Supply Box connectors:

No.	Connector	Pin 1	Pin 2	Pin 3	Pin 4	Pin 5	Pin 6
	Ground	Grounding Screw					
P101	115/230 VAC or 24 VAC Power In	Line	NC	Neutral			
P105 1	Control to Dome (Fiber Optic Model)	C- (Biphase)	C+ (Biphase)	Earth Ground	RXD (+) (RS-232/485)	TXD (-) (RS-232/485)	Signal Ground
P106 1	Control In/Out (Optional)	C- (Biphase)	C+ (Biphase)	Earth Ground	RXD (+) (RS-232/485)	TXD (-) (RS-232/485)	Signal Ground
P107	24 VAC Power to Dome Plug	Dome 24 VAC	Dome 24 VAC	Earth Ground	Heater (24 VAC)	Heater (24 VAC)	

1. Applicable to VG5 600 and 100 Series AutoDomes only.

Table 2.1 Power Box Connections

2.6 Installing the VG4-A-9543 Pipe Mount

This section details the installation steps for the VG4-A-9543 Pipe Mount.



NOTICE!

Customer must supply 1-1/2 inch (NPS) pipe threaded on both ends with a minimum length of 5 inches (12.7 cm).

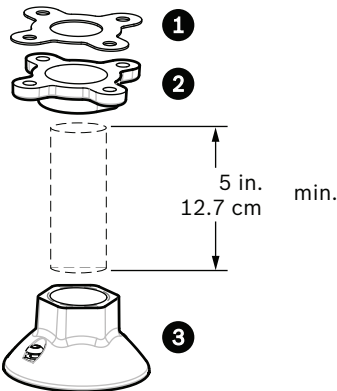


Figure 2.5 Pipe Mount

1	Gasket
2	Flange
3	Cap

1. Before installing the Top-Mounting Flange, ensure there is an adequate opening in the ceiling or mounting structure for the wires to pass through.
2. Secure the pipe Flange with supplied gasket to the ceiling or other supporting structure using four (4) 10-mm (3/8-inch) diameter fasteners.



NOTICE!

Each fastener must have a minimum pullout strength of 275 kg (600 lbs). The mounting material must be able to withstand this pull-out force. For example, 19-mm (3/4-inch) minimum for plywood.

-
3. Attach pipe (not supplied) to the Top-mounting Flange.
-

**WARNING!**

You must thread the pipe onto the Top-mounting Flange until it is tight. Failure to do so can result in damage, serious injury or death.

4. Route the power, video, control, and alarm wires through the Top-Mounting Flange and down the pipe.
 5. Wrap at least five layers of Teflon tape around the threads.
 6. Apply the supplied thread sealant to the threads on the Pipe.
 - Make sure all surfaces are clean and dry.
 - Apply a bead of sealant completely around the leading threads of the male fitting.
 - Force the adhesive into the threads to thoroughly fill all voids.
 7. Thread the Pipe Cap onto the down pipe and tighten securely to prevent leaks.
-

**WARNING!**

You must thread the Dome Cap onto the pipe until it is tight. Failure to do so can result in damage or serious injury or death.

2.7 Wire the Pipe Interface Board

This section provides instructions for connecting wires and cables to the Pipe Interface Board, as illustrated below. Refer to *Section 3 Cable and Wire Standards*, page 31 for cable and wiring recommendations and specifications.

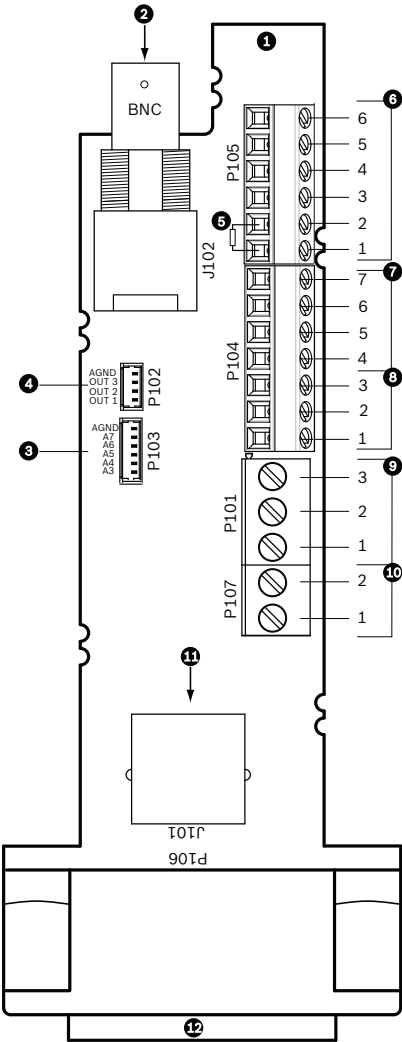


Figure 2.6 Pipe Interface Board Connections

Ref.	Description	Connector	Wire Gauge	Pin	Description
1	Pipe Interface Module				
2	Video Coax In	J102			
3	6-pin Connector Alarms In (3-7)	P103			
4	4-pin Connector Alarms Out (1-3)	P102			
5	100 Ω Resistor	P105			
6	Data In/Out	P105	AWG 26-16	1	Biphase (C-)
				2	Biphase (C+)
				3	Earth Ground
				4	RxD +
				5	TxD -
				6	Signal Ground
7	Alarms In (EOLR Supervised, 1-2)	P104	AWG 26-16	7	Ground
				6	Alarm 2
				5	Alarm 1
				4	Earth Ground
8	Relay Output	P104	AWG 26-16	3	Normally Closed
				2	Common
				1	Normally Open
9	Dome Power	P101	AWG 18-14	3	Dome 24 VAC
				2	Earth Ground
				1	Dome 24 VAC
10	Heater Power	P107	AWG 18-14	2	Heater 24 VAC
				1	Heater 24 VAC
11	RJ45 Ethernet or UTP Video (Ethernet for VG5 700 Series only)	J101			
12	To AutoDome				

2.7.1 Wiring for Multiple AutoDomes

To wire multiple AutoDomes in a series, or “daisy chaining,” you must apply a terminating resistor to the last dome of the series. The Interface Board is supplied with a 100 Ω terminating resistor located between the Biphase terminals C- and C+ (pins 1 and 2) of the P105 control connector (see item 5 in *Figure 2.6* above). Remove the resistor from all but the last AutoDome Interface Board. The maximum number of AutoDomes that can be daisy chained is four (4).

If using the RS485 protocol for control, switch the terminating resistor from the Biphase C+ and C- terminals to the RxD+ and TxD- terminals (pins 4 and 5) of the P105 control connector for the last dome (refer to item 6 in *Figure 2.6* above).

2.7.2 Connecting Wires to the Pipe Interface Board

The Pipe Interface Board contains all of the connectors for control, data, image, and power wires. Follow the procedures below to make the proper connections.



WARNING!

Use a 24 VAC Class 2 power supply only.

1. **Analog AutoDome:** Attach a BNC connector to the video coax cable and connect it to its mating connector J102 on the Pipe Interface Board.
2. **Analog AutoDome:** If using UTP for video, attach an RJ45 connector plug to the UTP cable and connect the plug to its mating connector J101 on the Pipe Interface Board.



WARNING!

Do not connect the RJ45 connector unless using UTP video. This connection causes video distortion.

3. **IP AutoDome:** Attach an RJ45 connector plug to the Ethernet cable and connect the plug to its mating connector J101 on the Pipe Interface Board.

**WARNING!**

Do not connect the RJ45 connector unless using UTP video or Ethernet. This connection causes video distortion.

4. Attach the control data in/out wires to their respective terminals on the P105 connector on the Pipe Interface Board. Refer to *Figure 2.6, Page 23*, for an illustration of these connections.
5. Connect the 24 VAC power wires to the P101 connector on the Pipe Interface Board. If this model has a heater, connect the 24 VAC heater power wires to connector P107.

**CAUTION!**

To protect the AutoDome from damage due to cold temperatures, ensure that you connect the 24 VAC heater power wires to the P101 connector.

6. To connect alarm inputs and outputs, attach the supplied 6-pin Alarms In and the 4-pin Alarms Out connector plugs with flying leads to the appropriate alarm wires. Then connect the plugs to their mating connectors P103 and P102 on the Pipe Interface Board.

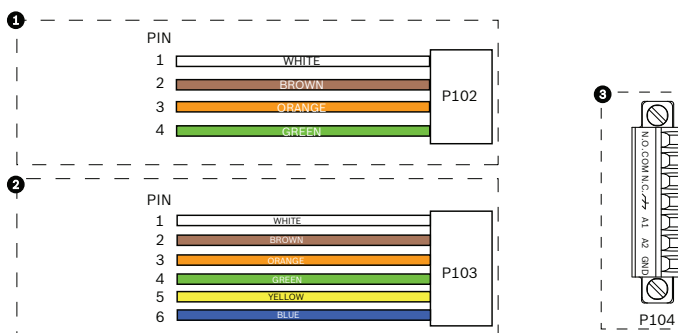


Figure 2.7 Alarm and Relay Connector Plugs

1	4-pin Alarm Connector (P102)	2	6-pin Alarm In Connector (P103)	3	7-pin Relay Connector (P104)
Pin	Description	Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	Alarm Out 1	1	Alarm In 3	1	Alarm Out 4 Normally Open
2	Alarm Out 2	2	Alarm In 4	2	Alarm Out 4 COM
3	Alarm Out 3*	3	Alarm In 5	3	Alarm Out 4 Normally Closed
4	Alarm Ground	4	Alarm In 6	4	Earth Ground
		5	Alarm In 7	5	Analog Alarm 1
		6	Alarm Ground	6	Analog Alarm 2
				7	Ground

- To connect supervised alarms and relays, attach the appropriate wires to their terminals on the P104 connector on the Pipe Interface Board (see *Figure 2.7*, above). In addition, refer to *Section 4 Alarms and Relay Connections*, page 45 for more details on wiring alarms and relays.

Note: There is a slot located at the top of the Interface Board to tie the wires to the circuit board with a cable tie.

8. Insert the Pipe Interface Board into the down pipe and fasten the three (3) retaining screws to secure the board to the Dome Cap.



CAUTION!

Be careful not to strip the threads when tightening the Pipe Interface Board retaining screws.

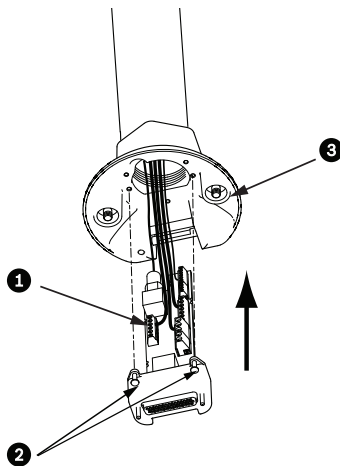


Figure 2.8 Pipe Interface Board to Dome Cap Assembly

1	Interface Board
2	Retaining Screws (3)
3	Pendant Mounting Screws (2)

2.8 Attach Pendant to Pipe and Tighten

1. Before attaching the Pendant, visually inspect the Pendant dome and the Interface Board connectors for any blocked pin holes and bent pins.
2. Tilt the Pendant enough to place its mounting hook on top of the its housing, over the recessed hinge pin of the Dome Cap.

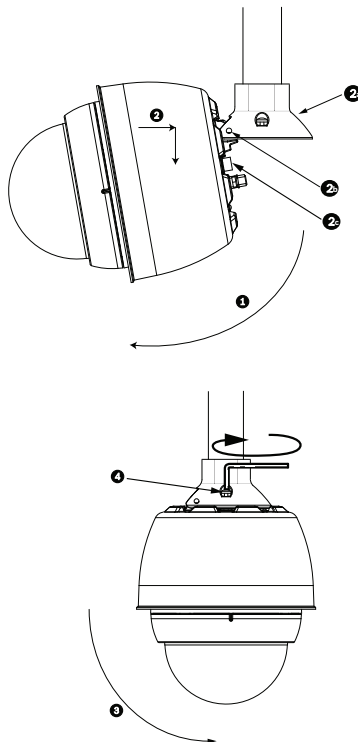


Figure 2.9 Pendant to Pipe Mount Attachment

1	Tilt Dome
2	Hook and drop
2a	Dome Cap
2b	Recessed Hinge Pin
2c	Dome Connector
3	Rotate down to engage dome connector
4	Tighten the two (2) mounting screws to a minimum torque of 10-12 N-m (90-105 in.-lbs)

3. Drop the Pendant down slightly to engage the dome hook and hinge pin of the Dome Cap, allowing the dome to rotate around the hinge pin.
4. Rotate the dome housing down to a vertical position and gently push upward to engage the connector on top of the dome housing.

**CAUTION!**

If you feel any resistance when rotating the dome housing or when engaging the connector, stop immediately and start over.

5. Hold the housing firmly in position and alternately tighten the two (2) 5-mm Allen head mounting screws from above to a torque value of 10-12 N-m (90-105 in.-lbs).

**CAUTION!**

You must tighten the two mounting screws to a minimum torque of 10-12 N-m (90-105 in.-lbs) to ensure a proper seal between the arm and the housing.

6. Rotate the arm to swing the AutoDome out from the roof and into position.
7. Tighten the three (3) 10-mm (3/8-inch) stainless steel hex bolts on the bracket to lock the Parapet Arm in position. Refer to *Figure 2.9, Page 29*, for an illustration.

**CAUTION!**

Do not over tighten the bolts. The maximum torque is 34 N-m (25 ft-lb).

3 Cable and Wire Standards



CAUTION!
Installation should only be performed by qualified service personnel in accordance with the National Electrical Code or applicable local codes.



CAUTION!
All wires for installation applications must be routed through a grounded conduit.

3.1 Power

24/115/230 VAC	
Copper Wire	To comply with local codes.

3.2 Wire Distance Guide

24 V to AutoDome				
	VA / Watts	14 AWG (2.5 mm)	16 AWG (1.5 mm)	18 AWG (1.0 mm)
AutoDome 100, Indoor	14 / 7.5	248 m (813 ft)	156 m (512 ft)	98 m (322 ft)
AutoDome 100, Outdoor	47 / 43.5	74 m (242 ft)	46 m (152 ft)	29 m (96 ft)
AutoDome 600, Indoor	27 / 15	129 m (422 ft)	81 m (265 ft)	51 m (167 ft)
AutoDome 600, Outdoor ¹	55 / 51	63 m (207 ft)	40 m (130 ft)	25 m (82 ft)
AutoDome 700, Indoor	35 / 19	99 m (325 ft)	62 m (205 ft)	39 m (129 ft)
AutoDome 700, Outdoor ²	60 / 55	58 m (190 ft)	36 m (119 ft)	23 m (75 ft)
1. Standard heater module. Add Add 16 W if using VG4-SHTR-XT kit.				
2. Standard heater module. The VG4-SHTR-XT kit is not applicable to VG5 700 Series AutoDomes.				

3.3 Video and Control Cables

3.3.1 Using Coaxial Cable to Transmit Video and Control



CAUTION!

600 Series AutoDome: If you are using coaxial cable to transmit video and data between the AutoDome and the head-end, you must use the coax cable with ferrite included in the AutoDome packaging. You must connect the incoming coax cable (from the head-end) to the jack (female end) on the ferrite cable and connect the plug end (male connector) of the ferrite cable to the AutoDome’s coax connector.

Coaxial cable terminated with BNC connectors is the most common method for transmitting composite video. Bilinx control data can also be sent over the same cable. Bilinx is a Bosch 2-way communication protocol that allows remote control, configuration, and updates over a video coax cable. Bilinx is available on all VG5 100 and 600 Series AutoDomes.

VG5 Series AutoDomes feature cable compensation or “Pre-Comp,” which extends the range of video from the head end.

Cable Compensation	Maximum Distances		
	Video Only		Bilinx Control
Cable Type	Pre-comp OFF	Pre-comp ON	Pre-comp ON or OFF
RG-59/U	300 m (1000 ft)	600 m (2000 ft)	300 m (1000 ft)
RG-6/U	450 m (1500 ft)	900 m (3000 ft)	450 m (1500 ft)
RG-11/U	600 m (2000 ft)	1200 m (4000 ft)	600 m (2000 ft)
Size	O.D. between 4.6 mm (0.181 in.) and 7.9 mm (0.312 in.)		
Shield	Copper braid: 95%		
Central Conductor	Standard copper center		
Terminal Connector	BNC		



WARNING!

Cable compensation (Pre-Comp) does not extend the range of Bilinx control. Pre-Comp is not available with VG5 700 Series AutoDomes.

3.3.2 Using UTP to Transmit Video and Control

Unshielded twisted pair (UTP) cable terminated with RJ45 male connectors are used to transmit composite video using pins 1(+) and 2(-). Typically, a Coax to UTP cable converter is required at the head-end of the system.

Bilinx control data can also be sent over the same two video wires (1 & 2). Bilinx is a Bosch 2-way communication protocol that allows remote control, configuration and updates over a passive UTP cable.

VG5 100 and 600 Series AutoDomes feature cable compensation or “Pre-Comp,” which extends the normal range of control from the head end.



WARNING!

Do not connect the RJ45 connector unless using UTP video.

Cable Compensation	Maximum Distance	
Cable Type	Pre-comp OFF	Pre-comp ON
CAT5 UTP	229 m (750 ft)	450 m (1500 ft)
Terminal Connector	RJ45	
Requirement	Coax to UTP Converter	

The following figure illustrates the connections necessary to transmit video and control over a UTP cable.

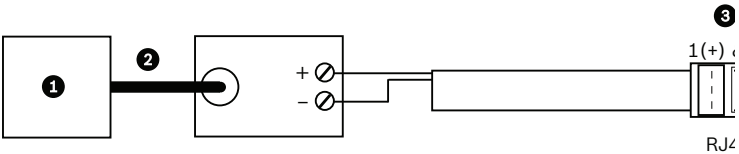


Figure 3.1 Video and Control over UTP

1	Head End Video	3	Pins
2	Coax	4	AutoDome

3.3.3 Using Ethernet to Transmit Video and Control



CAUTION!

Ethernet connections must be made to non-exposed (indoor) networks only.

The AutoDome VG5 700 series connects to a 10 Base-T/100 Base-TX network either directly or via a switch. Both video and control are transmitted over a standard TCP/IP network using the built-in Web server.

Cable Type	CAT-5E or CAT 6 Ethernet
Maximum Distance	100 m (328 ft)
Bandwidth	10 Base-T/100 Base-TX
Terminal Connector	RJ45, Female



WARNING!

Do not connect a coaxial cable while the RJ45 Ethernet cable is connected.

3.3.4 Using Multi-mode Fiber Optic to Transmit Video and Control

Fiber Optic kits, available for AutoDome 100 and 600 Series cameras, transmit both video and Biphase control over an analog singlemode or multimode fiber.

Multimode	
Fiber Type	50/125 μ m, 62.5/125 μ m, low loss multimode glass fiber
Maximum Distance	4 km (2.5 miles)
Minimum Bandwidth	20 MHz (Video - 850 nm / Control - 1300 nm)
Requirement	Bosch LTC 4629 Fiber Receiver at controller end of system
Terminal Connector	ST

Singlemode	
Fiber Type	9/125 μ m, low loss single glass fiber
Maximum Distance	69 km (43 miles)
Minimum Bandwidth	20 MHz (Video - 1310 nm /Control - 1550 nm)
Requirement	Single mode fiber receiver at controller end of system
Terminal Connector	ST

3.3.5 Using a Fiber Optic Ethernet Media Converter to Transmit Video and Control

The fiber optic media converter kit, available for AutoDome 700 Series cameras, is designed to transmit 10/100 Mbps Ethernet signals over fiber optic cable using 10/100 Mbps Small Form-factor Pluggable (SFP) modules. The SFP modules are available as multi-mode fiber (MMF) or single-mode fiber (SMF) models with a single SC connector or dual-fiber with an LC connector. Refer to the *VG4-SFPSCKT Fiber Optic Media Converter Installation Guide*.

Ethernet Media Converter	
Data Interface	Ethernet
Data Rate	10/100 Mbps IEEE 802.3 Compliant Full Duplex or Half Duplex Electrical Port Full Duplex Optical Port
Fiber Type, MMF	50/125 µm MMF. For 50/125 µm fiber, subtract 4 dB from the specified optical budget value. Must meet or exceed fiber standard ITU-T G.651.
Fiber Type, SMF	8–10/125 µm SMF. Must meet or exceed fiber standard ITU-T G.652.
Maximum Distance	60 km (37.3 miles)
Requirement	Media converter receiver (CNFE2MC/IN) at controller end of system
Terminal Connection	Duplex LC or Single SC

3.4 Control-only Cables

3.4.1 Controlling the AutoDome via Biphase

(Shielded 2-wire, half-duplex, multi-drop, 5000 ft. cable limit)
Biphase is the standard Bosch protocol used to send Pan/Tilt/Zoom control over 2-wire shielded twisted pair (STP) terminated with a 100 Ω terminal resistor.
The AutoDome has a 100 Ω termination resistor between the Biphase C+ and C- terminals.



CAUTION!
The Biphas shield must be connected to the head end only.

Cable Type	STP - Shielded Twisted Pair
Distance	1524 m (5000 ft) Belden 8760 recommended
Transmission Rate	31.25 KHz
Gage	1.02 mm (18 AWG)
Termination	100 Ω
Terminal Connector	Screw terminals
Voltage	4 Vp-p

The figure below illustrates the connections necessary for Biphas operation.

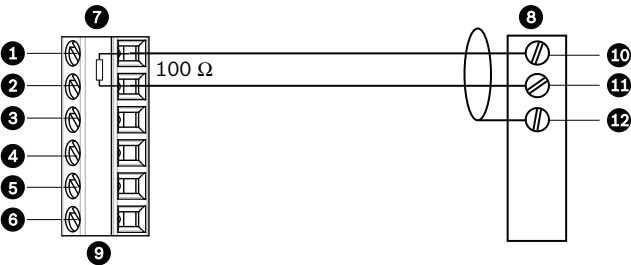


Figure 3.2 Connections for Biphas Operation

1	C- (Biphas)	7	AutoDome Data In/Out
2	C+ (Biphas)	8	Head End Biphas
3	Earth Ground	9	P105/P106 Connector in Power Supply Box
4	RxD	10	C- (Biphas)
5	TxD	11	C+ (Biphas)
6	Signal Ground	12	Shield

In a daisy chain configuration, where multiple domes are connected in series, the 100 Ω resistor must be removed from all but the last dome. You can daisy chain a maximum of four (4) AutoDomes.

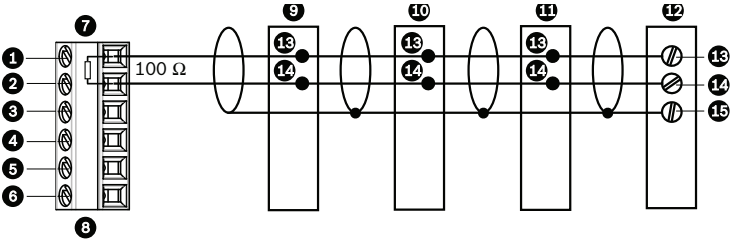


Figure 3.3 Connections for a Daisy Chain Configuration

1	C- (Biphase)	9	Dome 3
2	C+ (Biphase)	10	Dome 2
3	Earth Ground	11	Dome 1
4	RxD	12	Head End Biphase
5	TxD	13	C- (Biphase)
6	Signal Ground	14	C + (Biphase)
7	Last Dome Data In/Out	15	Shield
8	P105/P106 Connector in Power Supply Box		

3.4.2 Controlling the AutoDome via the RS232 Protocol
(3-wire, full-duplex, single-ended, 50 ft. cable limit)

RS232 is a common, single-ended communication protocol used for control. Data transmission via 3-wires (TDX, RXD, common) is from one transmitter to one receiver at relatively slow baud rates (up to 57.6 Kbaud) and short distances up to 50 ft. This control option is applicable to the VG5 600 Series only.



NOTICE!

After making the wire connections for RS232 operation, reposition the slide switch located on the CPU Module to the camera head inward and away from the LEDs.

Wire Type	3-wire (TXD, RXD, common)
Distance	15 m (50 ft)
Maximum Baud Rate	57.6 Kb
Voltage	± 15 V
Termination	100 Ω
Slide Switch	Away from LEDs (factory default)

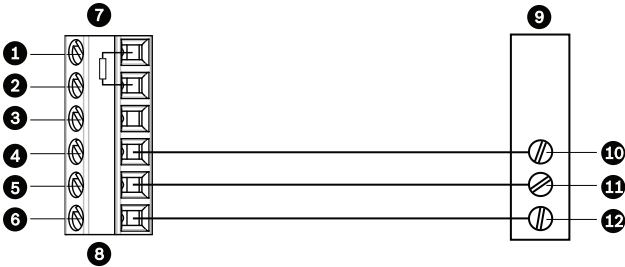


Figure 3.4 Connections for RS232 Operation

1	C- (Biphase)	7	AutoDome Data In/Out
2	C+ (Biphase)	8	P105/P106 Connector in Power Supply Box
3	Earth Ground	9	Head End RS232
4	RxD	10	TxD
5	TxD	11	RxD
6	Signal Ground	12	Ground

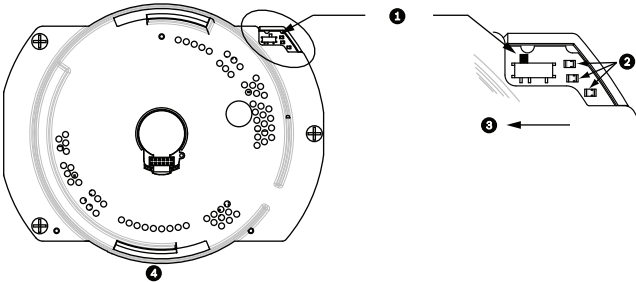


Figure 3.5 Position of CPU Switch for RS232 Operation (camera module not shown for clarity)

1	Switch Location
2	LEDs
3	RS232
4	CPU Module

Note: To access the CPU switch you must remove the bubble from the pendant housing.

3.4.3 Controlling the AutoDome via the RS485 Protocol

2-wire (shielded), half-duplex, differential, multi-drop (32 nodes), 4000 ft cable limit)

RS485 is capable of controlling a true multi-drop network and is specified for up to 32 drivers and 32 receivers on a single 2-wire bus. The AutoDome uses the 2-wire mode, although RS485 can be connected in a 2- or 4-wire mode. This control option is applicable to the VG5 600 Series only.

NOTICE!



The wire shield must be tied to signal at both ends, if 2-wire twisted pair is used. After connecting the wires for RS485 operation, make sure the slide switch on the main board to the camera head is positioned toward the LEDs (default).

CAUTION!



Bosch recommends that multiple RS485 connections be arranged as a connected series of point-to-point (multi-dropped) nodes, as a line or as a bus. It is **not** recommended to arrange RS485 connections as a star, ring, or as a multiple-connected network. Star and ring topologies may cause signal reflections or excessively low or high termination impedance.

Wire Type	2-wire shielded twisted pair
Distance	1219 m (4000 ft)
Maximum Baud Rate	57.6 kb
Gage	0.511 mm (24 AWG)
Wire Impedance	120 W
Slide Switch	Toward LEDs (factory default)

The following figure illustrates the connections for RS485 connections.

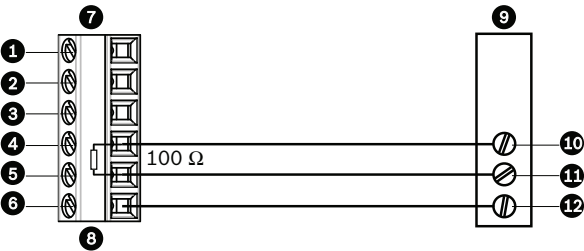


Figure 3.6 Connections for RS485 Operations

1	C- (Biphase)	7	AutoDome Data In/Out
2	C+ (Biphase)	8	P105/P106 Connector in Power Supply Box
3	Earth Ground	9	Head End RS485
4	RxD	10	Data +
5	TxD	11	Data -
6	Signal Ground	12	Ground

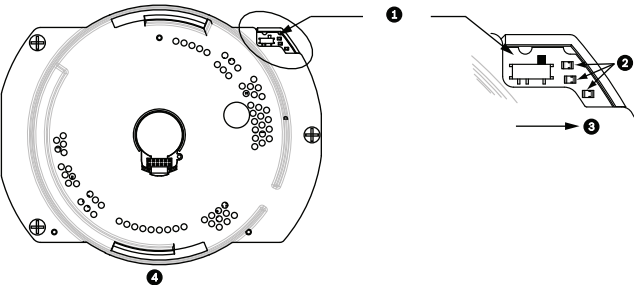


Figure 3.7 Position of CPU Switch for RS485 Operation (camera module not shown for clarity)

1	Switch Location
2	LEDs
3	RS485
4	CPU Module

Note: To access the CPU switch you must remove the bubble from the pendant housing.

3.5 Fiber Optic Module with an RS232/RS422 Controller

An AutoDome with a fiber optic module is prewired to operate with Biphasic signals only. This section describes the procedures necessary to control a VG5 series AutoDome fitted with a fiber optic kit using an RS232 controller or a Pelco® RS422 controller.

To control a VG5 Series AutoDome from an RS232 or from a Pelco RS422 controller you must run control wires from the controller to an LTC 4629 head-end fiber optic module. This control option is applicable to the VG5 600 Series only.

3.5.1 Connecting to an LTC 4629 Head End Data/Video Transceiver

1. Connect the RS232 cable (Tx/D from the controller) to the RS232 Rx/D port (pin 1) of the LTC 4629.
2. Connect the ground wire of the controller to Pin 2 on the LTC 4629.

3.5.2 Configuring the VG5 AutoDome

1. Disconnect the power to the VG4 power supply unit; then open the unit.
2. Remove the green Serial Communications wire from the P106 connector.
3. Remove the 100 Ω resistor across the C+ and C- pins.
4. Cut the five wires from the green Serial Communications wire mating connector.
Ensure that the insulation covers each wire to avoid wires from touching.
5. Cut back the insulation on the blue (ground) wire and on the green (Rx/D) wire enough to be able to connect these wires back into the P106 connector.
6. Connect the blue (ground) wire to the C- pin on the P106 connector.

7. Connect the green (RxD) wire to the C+ pin on the P106 connector.

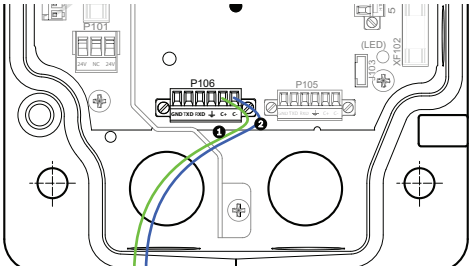


Figure 3.8 Detail of P106 Connections

1	Green RxD wire connected to C+
2	Blue Ground wire connected to C-

8. Connect the fiber optic cable from the AutoDome to the LTC 4629.
9. Close the door to the power supply unit.
10. Ensure that the VG5 AutoDome is set to receive RS232 commands.
- Remove the bubble from the VG5 AutoDome housing.
 - Locate the protocol switch on the CPU board.
 - Ensure that the protocol switch is in the left position for RS232 operation.

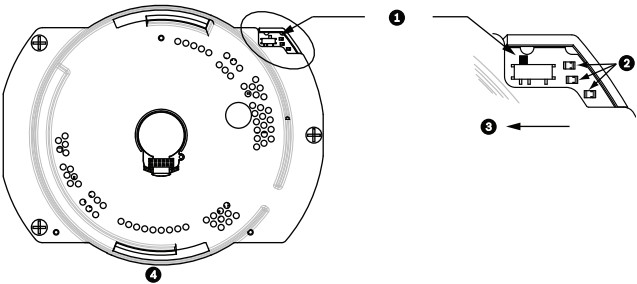


Figure 3.9 Position of CPU Switch for RS232 Operation

1	Switch Location
2	LEDs
3	Move Switch to the left for RS232 Operation
4	CPU Module

11. Return the bubble to the AutoDome housing.
12. Return power to the power supply box.

3.6 **Audio Cables**

The VG5 700 Series AutoDome is capable of receiving line input audio signals and transmitting it over a network. The audio signal is transmitted one-way and in sync with the video signals.

Audio Line Input Specifications

Max. Input Voltage	5.5 Vpp
Impedance	9K Ω
Sample Rate	8 K Hz, 16 Bit, mono
Shield	Bare copper braid: 95% coverage
Internal gain level adjustment is available	

Wire Specifications

Wire Type	Coax³ (recommended)
Distance	10 m (33 ft)
Gage	22 AWG to Biphas connector (P105/P106)
Shield	Bare copper braid: 95% coverage
Center conductor	Stranded bare copper



NOTICE!

Separate the audio cables from the AC power lines to avoid noise.

Audio Connections

- 1. Remove the 100 Ω termination resistor from the Biphaser terminals.
- 2. Connect the audio line level source to the Biphaser C+ input terminal.
- 3. Connect the audio signal ground to the Biphaser C- input terminal.

The following figure illustrates the connections for audio over an IP network.

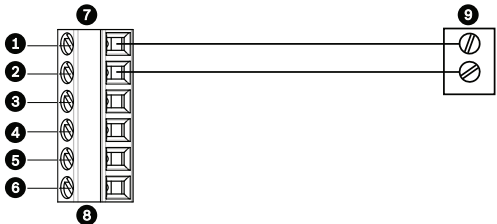


Figure 3.10 Connections for audio over an Ethernet network

1	C- (Biphase)	7	AutoDome Data In/Out
2	C+ (Biphase)	8	P105/P106 Connector
3	Earth Ground	9	Audio Out
4	RxD		
5	TxD		
6	Signal Ground		



NOTICE!

Refer to the *VG5 700 Series AutoDome User Manual* for configuring and using audio over an IP Ethernet network.

4 Alarms and Relay Connections

4.1 Alarm Inputs

The AutoDome provides seven alarm inputs. Each input can be activated by dry contact devices such as pressure pads, passive infrared detectors, door contacts, and similar devices. The table below summarizes the size and distance wires.

Wire Size		Maximum Distance	
AWG	mm	feet	meters
22	0.644	500	152.4
18	1.024	800	243.8

Table 4.1 Alarm wire guide

You wire alarms either Normally Open (N.O.) or Normally Closed (N.C.), and must program the alarm inputs N.O. (the default) or N.C. through the AutoDome main menu. The AutoDome incorporates two (2) types of alarms: Non-supervised and Supervised. In addition to transmitting an alarm condition, a supervised alarm also transmits a tamper condition. Depending on how the alarm is configured, a short or a break in the alarm’s circuit can trigger the tamper signal.

4.2 Configuring Supervised Alarms (inputs 1 and 2)

To configure Alarm 1 or 2 (pin 5 or 6) for supervision, you must install a 2.2 K end-of-line resistor in the circuit. Then, you program the alarms through the AutoDome main menu to either Normally Open Supervised (N.O.S.) or Normally Closed Supervised (N.C.S.).



NOTICE!

Only Alarms 1 and 2 (pins 5 or 6) can be configured for supervision. Once a supervised alarm is programmed it does not need to be enabled to indicate a tamper condition.

4.2.1 **Configuring a Normally Open Supervised Alarm**

- 1. Install a 2.2 K end-of-line resistor in the alarm circuit.
- 2. Connect the alarm wires to input 1 or 2 (pin 5 or 6) and to the ground (pin 7) at the AutoDome.

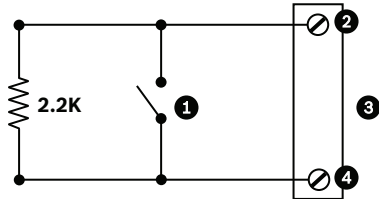


Figure 4.1 N.O.S. - Normally Open Supervised Connections

1	Dry Contact	3	Dome Connector
2	Alarm 1 or 2 only (Pin 5 or 6)	4	Ground (Pin 7)

- 3. From the AutoDome main menu, select Alarms Setup>Inputs Setup, and set the Alarm Input # to N.O.S.
See the table below for contact and condition details.

AutoDome Programmed N.O.S.	
Contact	Alarm Condition
Open	Normal
Closed	Alarm
Cut or brake	Tamper

4.2.2 **Configuring a Normally Closed Supervised Alarm**

- 1. Install a 2.2 K end-of-line resistor in the alarm circuit.
- 2. Connect the alarm wires to input 1 or 2 (pin 5 or 6) and to the ground (pin 7) at the AutoDome.

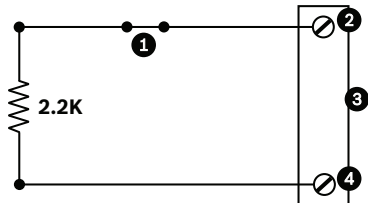


Figure 4.2 N.C.S. - Normally Closed Supervised Connections

1	Dry Contact	3	Dome Connector
2	Alarm 1 or 2 only (Pin 5 or 6)	4	Ground (Pin 7)

- From the AutoDome main menu select Alarm Setup>Inputs Setup, and set Alarm Input # to N.C.S. See the table below for contact and condition details.

AutoDome Programmed N.C.S.	
Contact	Alarm Condition
Open	Alarm
Closed	Normal
Short	Tamper

4.3 Configuring Non-supervised Alarms (inputs 1 through 7)

You can configure alarms 3 through 7 as non-supervised Normally Open (N.O.) or Normally Closed (N.C.) alarms.

4.3.1 Configuring a Normally Open Non-supervised Alarm

- Connect the alarm to the appropriate input (1 through 7) and ground at the AutoDome.

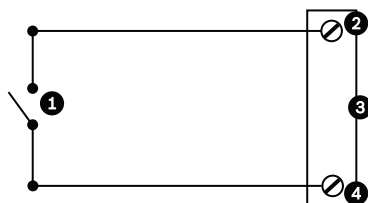


Figure 4.3 N.O. - Normally Open Non-supervised Connections

1	Dry Contact	3	Dome Connector
2	Alarm Inputs 1 to 7	4	Ground

- From the AutoDome main menu select Alarm Setup>Inputs Setup, and set Alarm Input # to N.O. See the table below for contact and condition details.

AutoDome Programmed N.O.	
Circuit	Alarm Indication
Open	Normal
Closed	Alarm

4.3.2 Configuring a Normally Closed Non-supervised Alarm

1. Connect the alarm to the appropriate input (1 through 7) and ground at the AutoDome.

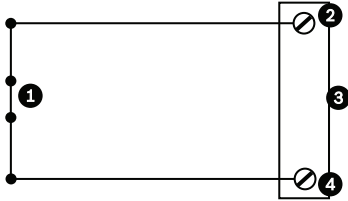


Figure 4.4 N.C. Normally Closed Non-supervised Connections

1	Dry Contact	3	Dome Connector
2	Alarm Inputs 1 to 7	4	Ground

2. From the AutoDome main menu select Alarm Setup>Inputs Setup, and set Alarm Input # to N.C. See the table below for contact and condition details.

AutoDome Programmed N.C.	
Circuit	Alarm Indication
Open	Alarm
Closed	Normal

4.4 Alarm Outputs

The AutoDome incorporates two (2) types of alarm outputs: a dry contact relay and three (3) open collector outputs or transistor outputs.

4.4.1 Configuring a Dry Contact Relay

The dry contact relay acts like an on/off switch. It has a maximum voltage rating of 2 A @ 30 DC.

1. Connect the appropriate stripped wire to the AutoDome COM connector.
2. Connect the appropriate stripped wire to the N.O. or N.C. connector, depending on your requirement.

4.4.2 Configuring an Open Collector Output

Outputs 1, 2, and 3 are open collector types. These outputs must be connected to a positive voltage between 5 and 32 V to complete the circuit, with a maximum voltage rating of 32 VDC @ 150 ma.

1. Connect the appropriate stripped wire to the open connector (1, 2, or 3) of the transistor.
2. Connect the appropriate stripped wire to the ground (GND) connector.

Bosch Security Systems, Inc.

850 Greenfield Road

Lancaster, PA 17601

U.S.A.

www.boschsecurity.com

© Bosch Security Systems, Inc., 2011